CONGRESS FINALLY COERCED

Democrats Accept the Ex-Speaker's Doctrine as Gracefully as Possible.

VERY FEW OPPOSING VOICES

Republican Leader Receives Congratulation from his Friends on his Success-He Generously Grants All His Time on the Floor to Democrats Who Wish to Protest.

The House yesterday by an overwhelming vote decided to adopt a quorum-counting rule which for all practical purposes is the same as that which ex-Speaker Reed of Maine inaugurated during the Fifty-first Congress, and which won for him a world-wide reputation. Neither undue excitement nor tumultuous scener marked the crushing of the old legislative barriers. Mr. Reed and the Republicans generally were in a delightful humor over the victory they had achieved. Those who expected Mr. Reed would taunt and gibe his political adversaries with their alleged inconsistency were disappointed.

Only fifteen minutes on a side were allowed for delate, and, Mr. Reed instead of consuming that with an arraignment of the Democrats, good-naturedly distributed most of it to Democrats who desired to oppose the new rule, and when his time was exhausted be joeosely asked for more time to dole out among his friends on the other side. Messrs. Bryan, Commings, Wheeler, Kilgore, and Russell were the Democrats who were thus given an opportunity to protest against the adoption of the rule. When the vote was taken forty-seven Democrats voted against it, but it secured every Republican vote, and carried by a vote of 212 to 47. The Populists did not vote on the proposition. The adop-tion of this rule, taken in conjunction with the decision to enforce the old law of 1846, to dock the salaries of members absent, 1840, to nock the salaries of members absent, save on account of sickness, will, it is thought, put an end forever to parliamentary obstruction. The enforcement of the law will keep members at their post of duty, and the rules will prevent them from refusing to participate in legislation when they are present.

The report agreed upon by the Committee on Rules reads as follows:

on Rules reads as follows:
Amend rule 15, by inserting between clauses 1 and 2 the following as clause 2 and change the number of clause 2 to clause 3.

Upon every roll-call and before the beginning thereof the Speaker shall name two members, one from each side of the pending question. If practically, who shall take their places at the clerk's desit, to tell the names of at least enough members who are in the hall of the House during the roll-call who do not respond, when added to those responding, to make a querum. If a quorum does not respond on the roll-call, then the names of those so noted as present shall be reported to the Speaker, who shall cause the list to be called from the clerk's dock and recorded in the journal; and in determining the presence on Rules reads as follows:

vote he shall answer present."

In the debate Mr. Catching was first recognized and made a brief two minute speech.

The proposed rule, he said, had been brought in pursuance of the demand of the Demoeratic caucus last Friday. That caucus had decided that the time had arrived when memdecided that the time had arrived when members who were present but who refused to yote should be taken into consideration in determining the presence of a quorum to do business. Many plans have been suggested. The proposed rule, the methods of which he explained, he believed would easily and extended that such proceedings seriously threatened the interests of the litigation pendictional receivers for the purpose of severing the Union Pacific railway by the appointment of separate receivers. He concluded that such proceedings seriously threatened the interests of the United States, well as the proceedings of the United States, and the decided that the litigation pendictions are provided in the purpose of severing the Union Pacific railway by the appointment of the union Pacific railway to the union Pacific railway the union Pacific railwa explained, he believed would easily and expeditiously determine whether a quorum was
present. It was simple and in the nature of
sixting it. It further appears from Mr. Hoadthings was fair because its execution would
be left to two members on opposite sides of

any pending question.

Mr. Catchings then yielded one minute to
Gen. Wheeler (Ala.) who had just enough time to protest against it as antagonistic to the deliberation which ought to obtain in a

the deliberation which ought to obtain in a legislative body like the House of Representatives when the gavel dropped and he was summarily taken off the floor.

Mr. Reed, who controlled fifteen minutes for the lepublicans, at this juncture yielded five minutes to Mr. Bryan (Dem., Neb.) Mr. Bryan was very earnest in his opposition to the proposed rule.

Mr. Springer (Dem., Ill.), who fellowed Mr. Bryan, supported the proposed rule because, he said, it would enable the members of the House to transact the business which

their constituents sent them here to transact A burst of Republican appliance greeted this statement, which was renewed when he said that the House had in a month done but two days business. "My constituents are tired of it." said he, in conclusion, "and I hope the House is tired of it. I hall this as the dawn of a brichter day."

of a brighter day,"

The Speaker admonished the occurants of the speaker admonstrate the occupants of the galleries as Mr. Springer sat down that demonstrations of approval would not be per-mitted, and Mr. Kilgore, who had meantime arisen, remarked dryly that he hoped the ap-plause which would greet his remarks would not be two over of his times.

passes which would greet his remarks would not be taken out of his time.

Ex-Speaker Grow (Rep., Pa.) in a few words upheld the principle incorporated in the proposed rule, but objected to its details as cumbrous.

Mr. Reed said he would only consume a prince of the remaining time at his disposal. He thought it was unnecessary for him to say anything.

The scene here to-day, said he, is a more effective address than he could make. The House was about to adopt the principle for which the Republicans had contended since

the Fifty-first Congress.
"I congratulate the Fifty-third Congress, and he impressively, "on the wise decree it is about to make." [Republican applause.] Upon the announcement of the vote the Re-publicans cheered. The galleries joined in the demonstration, while there was more or

less applause on the Democratic side, it was not of the character which marked the applause on the Republican side.

Mr. Reed was immediately surrounded by his party friends and given an ovation. Some of the Democrats got up a counter demonstration over Mr. Catchungs.

A large bunch of La France roses was carried unthe mide and placed on Mr. Backle.

ried up the aisle and placed on Mr. Reed's desk. Another Republican outburst followed. The flowers were sent with the compliments of Representative Apsley, of Massachusetts. A Delay Granted.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.-Judge Win-

ters to-day carried the greater portion of the Iron Hall affairs over for three weeks. The report of Receiver Failey as to the condition of the ditigation in other states was the docu-ment on which the delay was granted. It was shown that a dividend could not be de-clared, as the others had been without the actual live of claims. Tho time was extended until May 14, in which all accountings are to be filed with the receiver.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 17.-Marion Pickering and Abe Reed, alias Sim Booke, alias John Devit, the assassins of Dairyman Geer, near here, were taken from the penideer, near nere, were taken from the pententiary this morning, where they have been confined for safe keeping, before Judge Gibson, of the criminal court, for examination, the grand jury having indicted them for premediated murder. The assussins pleaded guilty to the charge. Judge Gibson ordered them to juil instead of the penitentiary to await sentence next Friday.

Smallpox in Chicago. CHICAGO, April 17 .- Ten cases of smallpox have been found in the county hospital here, and the institution has been quarantined. The city pest house is full; and patients are sleep-ing on the floors and in the corridors. SHOT HIM IN THE LEG.

William Bradley Fires a 44-Caliber Re volver at Michael O'Leary.

About 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoo Michael O'Leary, a painter, living at 2709 K street northwest, was shot in the right leg just above the knee by William Bradley.

The two men had been drinking and got to quarreling. Bradley pulled a 44-caliber re-volver and fired.

O'Leary was placed in the patrol wagon and carried to the Emergency hospital, where the bullet and a piece of the trousers was ex-tracted by Dr. Pyle.

Bradley was locked up in the Third precinct station.

DE MELLO'S COLLAPSE.

Clemency Shown the Rebels at the Instiga tion of Secretary Gresham.

The news of the collapse of De Melio's end of the Brazilian rebellion and the surrender of his ships at Buenos Ayres was first conveyed to the Brazilian minister here by a Times reporter. He was, of course, much gratifled, and said that while he had no official confirmation of the news he could not doubt its accuracy, for preceding events had indicated

this end.

For the elemency shown them and the general amnesty extended by President Peixote, the Brazilian rebels have to thank the United States, for it was through the efforts of Secre-tary Gresham that the expediency and pro-priety of this humane course was urged upon the Brazilian government.

FRACTURED HIS SKULL.

Lieut. Mansilla of the Argentine Legation Thrown from His Horse and Killed. Lieut Commander DeRafael Mansilla, na val attache of the Argentine legation, was thrown from his horse to-day while riding with Mr. Zeballos, son of the Argentine Minister, in the Soldiers' Home grounds, and died at 7.45 yesterday evening as a result of his injuries, having been unconscious since the

The officer fell upon his head and fractured the top of his skull. The ambulance from the Home's hospital was at once summoned and the unfortunate officer was taken to the operating ward. An operation to relieve the brain from the pressure of the fractured skull was successfully accomplished, but the injury was too great and nothing could be done to

was too great and nothing could be done to save the young attache.

Minister Zebalios, Minister Guzman, of Nicaragua, and a number of attaches from the various legations remained at Lieut. Mansilla's bedside until the end.

PAGIFIC RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

Letter from Attorney General Olney Laid

Before Congress Yesterday. The Speaker yesterday laid before the replying to the resolution asking for certain the special counsel of the government, the Hon. George Hoadley, who reports that the interests of the United States in the Union Pacific railway has not been legally affected by anything done in the action wherein re-coivers of that railway have been appointed, for the reason that the United States has not for the reason that the United States has not been made a party to such proceedings. Mr. Hoadley says he has not, without special di-rection from the Attorney General, which he has not received, felt authorized to enter the appearance of the United States in any of the thirteen suits in which the receivers have

the thirteen suits in which the receivers have been appointed.

The bearing of the receivership upon the practical interests of the United States, Mr. Hoadley says, depended upon the character of the receivers and the maintenance of the property by them in the highest condition which the counsel may permit.

Mr. Hoadley refers to the litigation pend-ing lefter, the accountered of the two al-

necessary to protect,

Attorney Wallace, of Pittsburg, who is in Washington with the purpose of presenting dence bearing upon the defects in armor plates, does not appear to be disposed to hurry the matter. Secretary Herbert ar-ranged to grant him an interview, but the attorney did not keep the appointment, and he failed to turn up at the department yester-day morning prior to the time the Secretary was obliged to attend the cabinet meeting.

Representative Dunphy, of New York, yes terday introduced a bill flxing the rates of pay of letter carriers in cities of more than 75,000 people for the first year of service, at \$600; second year, \$800; third year, \$1,000; and for the fourth year and thereafter, \$1,200. In the cities of less than 75,000 people, the pay is to be first year, \$800; second year, \$800; and the third and thereafter \$1,000.

To Be Buried To-day. Sunday evening, will be buried this afternoon. The services will take place at the residence of his widow, No. 471 Missouri avenue northwest, at 3,30 o'clock. Joseph McGinn, brother of the deceased, who lives near Harrison, Ark., was telegraphed for imme listely after the suicide, but as the dispatch was delayed in reaching its destination he cannot come to

Reclamation of Arid Lands.

Senator Carey, from the Committee on Public Lands, yesterday reported his bill setting apart 1,000,000 acres for each of the arid land states and territories, to be reclaimed on the small tracts by means of irrigation. Kansas, Montana and Oklahoma are added to the states and territories to which the provisions of the bill shall apply.

Conchmen's Society.

The annual ball of the Coachmen's Beneficial Society was held last night in the auditorium of the Builders' Exchange. Prof. Eibner's orchestra discoursed music for the dancers until midnight, when refreshments were indulged in by the guests.

Hyogo, the old capital of the empire. It will cover the subjects of manufactures, fine arts agriculture, water productions, education and science, mines and mining and machinery. Foreign goods may be exhibited for purposes of comparison, and it is expected that the ex-position will be very interesting to foreigners.

The proposal of M. J. Drummond, unde date of January 20, 1894, to furnish 100 fire hydrants at \$43, in accordance with specifica-tions, has been accepted by the Commis-

Cable Flashes.

The proposed strike of 10,600 joiners of Vienr and neighborhood has not taken place. It is announced that Sir Charles Russell has accepted the post of lord Jostice of appeal, made vacant by the death of Lord Bowen.

The followers of ex-Prime Minister Whiteway, of Newfoundland, who resigned office a few days ago, are still positive in their belief that it will be necessary to dissolve partnership.

The Commercial Cable Company that it is informed that the cable bet

HIS BILL OF EXCEPTIONS

The Kentucky Colonel Askes Blandly for a New Trial.

GROUND OF ERROR SET FORTH

Miss Madeline Pollard Remains at the Hospital Nursing Her Nervous Prostration. Lockhart, of Bourbon County, will not Oppose Col. Breckenridge for Congress.

The attorneys tor Representative Breckinridge filed yesterday afternoon the motion for a new trial in the breach of promise suit. The grounds of error set forth are as follows:

First-Because the verdict is centrary to the evidence.
Second—Because the evidence is insufficient in law to sustain said verdict.
Third—Because the verdict is against the weight of evidence.
Fourth—Because the damages awarded by the

jury were excessive.

Fifth—By errors of law founded on the exceptions reserved during the trial.

Sixth—For errors of law on granting the written instructions prayed by the plaintiff seconnsel and in refusing instructions prayed by counsel for the defendant.

Seventh—For errors of law contained in the

and in remaining instructions prayed by counsel for the defendant.

Seventh—For errors of law contained in the charge of the court to the jury.

Eighth—For errors of the court in commenting on the evidence of witnesses, and on the witnesses whose testimony was offered on the trial. Ninth—For specific errors to be assigned hereafter on the hearing of this motion.

These are namely stereotyped grounds, ex-

These are usually stereotyped grounds, ex-cept the eighth, which is unusual. Very seldom are exceptions taken by attorneys to the remarks let drop by a judge during the trial

of a suit.

It will be rembered that Judge Bradley commented once upon the character of Molile Shinglebauer, remarking upon the woman's admission that she led a life of shame. He also scored several witnesses for the defense, among them Sohn Braat and Hiram Kaufman, of Lexington, for the indecent language in their testimony, and said that he would be glad, if possible, to exclude their depositions on the ground of their obscenity. In the glad, if possible, to exclude their depositions on the ground of their obscenity. In the course of his charge he referred to the testimony of Alex Julian, saying that the circumstances of the mock marriage, as he described them, did not constitute unchaste conduct on the part of Miss Pollard.

No exceptions were noted to the comments of the judge during the course of the trial.

The day has not been set for hearing the arguments on the motion.

Breckinridge More at Eease.

Representative Breckinridge of Kentucky, was again on the floor of the House yesterday-House a letter from Attorney General Olney | His manner was easy and he seemed to be back into the Congressional channel. He information concerning the status of the Union Pacific railroad matters. The Attorney General submits a copy of a letter from the special coursel of the covernment the as to the current committee work. There was as to the current committee work. There was an unusually large crowd in the galleries, most of whom were ladies, to whom Mr. Breckinridge seemed to be the center of at-tention. Col. Phil Thompson, who is an ex-member and entitled to the floor, joined Mr. Breckinridge and the two sat on one of the rear lounges and chatted smillingly together.

> LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 17.-A special to the Post from Lexington says: Hon. G. C. Lockhart, of Bourbon county, to-day declared to the Post correspondent that he would not be

Senator Vance's Remains Veiwed by Thousands of His Old Friends.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 17.-Notwithstanding the change in the hour of arrival, the special Richmond and Danville train bearing the remains of the late Senator Zebulon B. Vance was greeted by thousands of people when at

After a long night's travel, broken at each station after the train passed Danville with demonstrations from the residents in the tolling of bells the body of the great North Carolinian was turned over to the state authorities here and escorted to the capitol by the militia and Confederate veterans. The halls of the city-city. by the militia and Confederate veterans. The bells of the city tolled and the great crowds that lined the streets, already draped with solid black, gave only a slight indication of the universal beneavement. Thousands were here from every section of the state. Over 5,000 people had viewed the remains up to moon. At 4 o'clock the funeral train left for Asheville, where the remains will be interred with creat ceremony. It is probable that the demonstration there will be the most important ever held in the state.

Denounce Hill and Geary, San Francisco, April 17.—Three thousand Democrats met in mass-meeting last night and passed long resolutions, ending as follows:

passed long resolutions, ending as follows:
Resolved, That the recent utterances of Senat r
Hill are traitorous in their purpose, false in their
assumptions, absurd in their logic, and excite
the indignation and deriston of the Democracy
of California.
Resolved, That the un-Democratic course of
Thes J. Geary, in reference to the Wilson bill is
hereby condemned and regulatiated. The resolutions are to be laid before the Senate by Senator White.

For Cleveland and Against Hill. OMARA. April 17.—The Sumoset Club, the leading Democratic organization of the state which has not hitherto given any evidence of

which has not inthered given any evidence of indorsement of the President and his course, last night adopted a resolution heartily com-mending Mr. Cleveland and the efforts being made to revise the tariff. It also denounces Senator Hill as "a traitor, who having hitherto skulked behind the watchword I am a Democrat,' has dealt a treacherous blow at the vitals of his party at the time of its greatest peril." A Chicago Physician Honored. Cuicago April 17.—A private cablegram re-

ceived in this city from Rome, to-day, announces that the international medical congress in appointing its honorary presidents for the year, has made Dr. J. R. Murjhy, of Chicago, president for the United States. Engineers in Session.

DETROIT, Mich., April 17.—The regular

annual meeting of the committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of the Grand Trunk system west of St Clair river is being held. They are engaged wholly in routine business and deny that a strike is contemplated on either side of the river. Foully Dealt With.

out that Joshua Santee, who was dragged out of the saw-mill fire at Leisenring, on

Hount Yeager, a week ago, and who died shortly afterward, was foully dealt with. The detectives say that they know the guilty reactions. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., April 17 .- At Ritter'

Mill, in McDowell county, Tom Montgomery and Eugene Whitelow quarrelled. Whitelow was stabbed fatally. Montgomery escaped. The Trouble Adjusted. Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—The difficulty between the management of the Indian-apolis baseball club and the players has been satisfactorily adjusted

The Bradbury Piano Company will present the school teachers easting the highest number of ballots, as printed daily in the Star, under "Plano and Organs," with a thirty-day free trip to Europe—all expenses paid. Circulars and all particulars of the trip and contest can be had upon application at the Bradbury plano warerooms, 1225 Pennsylvania avenue.

Ex-President's Harrison's Law Office the

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 16.-In the law filee of Harrison, Miller & Elam shortly after noon to-day there was an exciting shoot ing affray. Ex-President Harrison and ex-Attorney General Miller are the senior members of the firm. A conference had been arranged between William B. Copeland and William H. Brunning, rival litigants of Madison, Ind., and their attorneys at the office.

Bruning, his attorney, Hon. A. C. Harris and Ferd Winter, a member of the law firm, were already in the room when Copeland came in and without saying a word drew a revolver and began shooting at Bruning, whose sworn enemy he was. The first two shots struck Mr. Harris in the left arm, fracturing the bone. The third struck Bruning in the cheek near the mouth, inflicting a very dangerous wound. W.,H. H. Miller ran into the room and attempted to selze Copeland. The latter, maddened by the interference, tried to shoot the ex-attorney general of the United States, but was prevented.

In the meantime, however, he had used his weapon as a club and had beaten Bruning frightfully about the head and face. Men in the adjoining offices rushed in and prevented further shooting.

Copeland was arrested. He is an ex-member of the Legislature from Jefferson county. Mr. Harris is not dangerously wounded unless complications ensee. bers of the firm. A conference had been ar

Robbery at Rockville.

Special to THE TIME ROCKVILLE, Md., April 17 .- A bold crime was committed to-day at Kensington by two young negroes. While the Baltimore and Ohlo agent was absent from the depot for his midday meal the office was broken into and midday ment the officer was broken into and the till tapped with a jimmy. A large sum of money was taken out. Suspicion rested on a couple of boys, Charles Green an i Joseph Warfield, who had been noticed about the sta-tion during the morning. Green was caught, but Warfield made his escape. Deputy Sheriff Jones brought Green before Justice Morgan this afternoon who committed him to inti-Jones brought Green before Justice Morgan this afternoon, who committed him to jail. Green claims no connection with the affair, and explains the fact of having \$16 on his person by saying that he was given it by War-field, who told him to keep quiet about the affair.

Waite's Party in Possession.
Denven, April 17.—The decree of the Suoreme court has been carried into effect; and lovernor Waite's police and fire board has taken peaceable possession. Hamilton Armstrong is chief of police, and William E. Roberts, chief of the fire department. The position of chief of the detective department has not yet been filled. Immediately upon learning the opinion of the Supreme court, Dennis Mullen resigned from the state board of pardons, and Mrs. James B. Belford is the only person being considered for the position.

Elections in Illinois. Cutcago, Ill., April 17,-Municipal elections were held at a number of points in Blinois to-day, license being the issue in the malority of them. At Peoria the Republicans lected six of the seven aldermen. In Pekin the Republicans elected their entire teket, At Bockford the license issue was hotly con-tested, and the next council will stand nine to five in favor of license. In Benton, and some other small places, high license carried the

Special Ordination Service, BALTIMORE, Md., April 17,-Rt. Rev. P. J. onahue, bishop of Wheeling, W. Va., officiated at a special ordination service to-day in the cathedral. He was assisted by very the Post correspondent that he would not be a candidate for Congress against Col. Breck-inridge.

MOURNING AT RALEIGH.

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Looking to the Lords.

LONDON, April 17 .- Mr. Morton's bill, to bolish the power of the House of Lords to veto legislation passed by the House of Commons was read in the House of Commons-today for the first time. Later, the bill intro-duced by Mr. Charles S. Boundell, to abolish 9 o'clock it rolled into the capital city of the the representation in Parliament of the Unistate of which he was thrice governor.

> New York, April 17,-A convention of superintendents and postal clerks from the first-class post offices in the states of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Dela-ware was held to-day in the Federal building to devise means for improving the postal ser-vice in these states. The convention will hold

The Queen at Coburg. Conung, April 17,—Queen Victoria arrive here at 4.35 p. m. and was received in great state by the Duke and Duchess of Coburg-Edinburg and by all the members of the imperial and royal families assembled here in order to be present at the Hesse-Coburg marriage to-morrow. A High Offical Denies It.

Bennin, April 17.-Inquiries made at the

preign office here, resulted in a statement being made by a high official to the effect that Germany has not made any suggestion of a German protectorate over the Samoan Islands, as intimated in dispatches received here from

Plenty of Money at San Francisco San Francisco, Cal., April 17.—There is commercial banks-money for which the bankers can find no use. This is said to be the largest surplus that has been known for many years, and is still growing. Lazarus Still at Large. BALTIMORE, Md., April 17 .- A special to the

News from Easton, Md., says: Frederick Johnson, known as "Lazarus," who assaulted Mrs. Sarah J. Jenkins, sister of Mrs. Solomon Pippin, near Easton yesterday, has not been caught yet. Funeral Services of Gen. Slocum

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 17 .- The funera ervices over the remains of Gen. Henry W. Slocum were held at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the Church of the Messiah. There was large military escort.

MITCHELL, Ind., April 17 .- The Republic ans of the Second Congressional district have nominated Col. A. M. Hardy, a prominent lawyer of Davies county, for Congress. CHICAGO, April 17.—The suit of Joseph Hoffman, the first of thirty-one suits brough

against the World's fair by Chicago musi-cians, for violation of contract was decided in favor of the exposition by Judge Brentano Read the Third Time. London, April 17.—The Bering sea bill was read to-day in the House of Lords for the third time. There was no debate on this

opinion of the Michigan Supreme court to-day the Doran inheritance tax law was de-clared unconstitutional.

EXCITING SHOOTING AFFRAY. SAILING ON THE WATERS

The Commonweal Army Steaming Towards the Capitol.

VARIOUS CONTINGENTS POLLOW

General Coxey Says He Will Come Prepared to Spend All the Summer if Necessary. Kelly's Command Moving Uninteruptedly. Redstone Rebukes a Congressman.

CUMBERLAND, Md., April 17 .- A little before on the motley army of the commonwea finished loading and embarked on its voyage to Williamsport. Carl Browne's last general order named Hancock as the first stopping place, where on Thursday Camp Cumberland, named in memory of the generous citizens of this place, will be located. Then the army goes to Williamsport, eighty-four miles from interruption to Williamsport, where the raging canal will be forsaken and a six-mile tramp taken to Hagerstown, the next stopping

From Hagerstown, the army will continu on the route originally laid out, through Frederick, Boonsborough, Damascus, Rock-

ville and on to Washington. The chief incident of the march to the canal boats was the crossing of Braddock Run where Washington led the discomfited British where Washington led the discomfited British forces on the retreat from the famous proRevolutionary Indian campaign. Here there is now a substantial stone viaduet, wherethen all was a wilderness and the army with bared heads passed by in silence. The loading of the horses into the boats was accomplished without incident though with enough of incident, as the hig Percheron stallion and the lighter trotting horses were pushed, pulled and lifted into the hold of the vessel. The men stowed themselves away in the other boat and the fleet moved down the canal with the cheers of the crowd ringing in their with the cheers of the crowd ringing in their ears. The army has high hopes for the remainder of the journey.

CAPPER OF MONEY KINGS. That Is the Term Redstone Applied to a

Citizen Redstone, the agent of the common weal in this city, wore his army badge upside down when he appeared on the floor of the House of Representatives prior to the meeting of that body yesterday. When his attention was called to the fact he remarked that it was like all other things just now, upside

down,
The citizen was twitted by a number of his The citizen was twitted by a number of his auditors in regard to the publication in a morning paper to the effect that there was talk of nominating Mr. Coxey for the presidency, which led Mr. Redstone to remark that if Mr. Coxey were nominated he would have the people behind him. Mr. Redstone declared, however, that the purposes of the commonweal are not political, but rather humanitarian in their nature.

Mr. Redstone became involved in a lively discussion with some of his hearers on the floor of the House. He was criticizing existing conditions and finding fault with the legislators, whereupon one of the crowd sug-

legislators, whereupon one of the crowd sug-jected that if things did not suit him here he had better leave the country. He did not take kindly to the idea, but expressed the opinion that the person suggesting it was a "capper of the money kings."

FROM LAND TO SEA.

A Rousing Meeting to Be Held at Hancock

GREEN SPRINGS, W. Va., April 17,-One ong day of flowing through the beautifully picturesque hill country of northwestern Maryland was all that the Coxey army had to chronicle to-day in its log book. The two from Cumberland to Williamsport moved out fully loaded from the head of the Chesacommanding the other from the forward deck.

It was like a floating picture of Victor Hugo, the ragged forms swarming like rats over every foot of the craft, and rough, wild-looking laces framed in shaggy hair peering through the cabins, like the victims of the through the cabins, like the victims of the French galleys. But they were self-appointed martyrs, and were now, to use their own term, "playing in luck," for they walked no more and each hour carried them nearer the goal of their hopes, their "white city," where the government printed money like bill posters, and where they expected to help in making the printing preses revolve more rapidly.

"At all the locks and settlements Browne stopped to distribute his pamphiets, but there was no meeting of importance and the chief meeting of the trip is expected at Hancock on Thursday night.

Thursday right.

The trip was uneventful. On the West Virginia side of the river the blue hazy ridges of the Alleghanies sid into saw teeth through which fainter ridges were seen beyond, and close at hand the north bank of the canal rose to the reason of the canal rose to the reason of the reaso in an almost continuous rocky bluff, some-times 150 feet high and clothed with pines times los feet high and clothed with pines through which the warm sun filtered down on the weary floaters, taking semi-cataleptic sleeps after their weeks of cattling with Win-ter in crossing the mountains. Pennsylvania had been their Valley Forge, Maryland was proving their Yorktown, with their new land of compliant in the Dantas of Conproving their Yorktown, with their new land of promise in the District of Columbia just beyond. The newspaper men followed the commonwealers in a boat of their own, pass-ing the army when the latter bauled up ten miles east of Cumberland for dinner which was cooked on the bank, and being repassed

SEATTLE, Wash., April 17 .- A new feature as been added to the Northwest Industrial Army by the organization of a woman's auxiliary composed principally of the wives of the members. About forty women attended the first meeting, and Mrs. Paul Mohr, wife of the most active man of the male army, was elected president. The announcement was made that both the male and female contingent will move on to Washington in a few days.

nune of the army of the commonweal was organized at Shimek's hall, 936 North Broadway. Sixty-four residents of Northeast Balti-

more joined, each one paying 10 cents for the privilege. Joseph Runge was the organizer, and stated that the army would leave for Washington Monday next. The men are mainly tailors, and will be called upon to pay their own expenses. And Still They Come. CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 17.—A detachment of the Kelly industrial army, numbering eighty men, under Capt. Gorman, reached here to-day from the West, en route to Wash-

ington. The men were packed into a refrig-erator car and were badly cramped for room. They were fed at Red Buttes. Two hundred more are en route between Evanston and Cheyenne. The Spokane Branch of It.
Spokane, Wash., April 17.—The Spokan eranch of the Coxey army now numbers 250 ecruits. Barracks have been made out of an old church building. It is said five men will stay in the camp here until the Puget Sound regiments arrive, and proceed with them.

Swift's Command Undecided. Boston, Mass., April 17.—Gen. M. I. Swift

New England army of the commonweal, have not decided on the route the army will take, but Swift says it will probably go by the way of Fall River.

ALL THE SUMMER. Coxey and His Crowd Likely to Remain for

BALTIMORE, April 17,-A special to the Sur from Green Springs, W. Va., has an interview with Gen. Coxey, outlining his intentions at

Its purpose is that the army will not dis-band, but will permanently encamp at Wash-ington and be maintained there until Con-gress either passes the logislation he desires

or adjourns.

He is making preparation to stay all Sum-

A SIGNIFICANT INTERVIEW.

Coxey's Local Lieutenant Talks About the Incoming Army of the Comm In a conversation with Col. Redstone at Rechabite hall yesterday, he told a Time reporter that the supply of food for the army of the commonweal during its stay in Wash ington will equal if not exceed the demand.

"Will the authorities try to interfere with Coxey in any way?"

The colonel scoffed at the idea. "If they The colonel scoffed at the iden. "If they do, they will precipitate a revolution throughout the land. The commonweal is coming on a mission of peace and good will to man. They will perpetrate no violent act and make no demand outside the limit of the law, and if Major Moore, or any other man, interferes with the Coxey movement, he and not Coxey will be the law-breaker and will be core.

with the Coxey movement, he and not Coxey will be the law-breaker, and will be put through a legal course of sprouts."
"But if an attempt is made by a force of uniformed men to halt the army of peace at the boundary of our city, will it be effective?"
"No, sir. If a blow is struck some big or little tyrant of plutocracy must be the first to strike it.

strike it."

"And then?"

"Well," laughed the colonel, right merrily,
"for myself, I'm in favor of peace, even if I
have to fight for it. And," in a more serious
tone, "the Coxey mission is one of peace, and
the great plain people of America will never
permit the atrocious crime of hindering it vi

succeeded in strangling tyranny wherever it has lifted its brazen front within our borders,

always."

"It's a pretty how-do-you-do," spoke up a gentleman who had been listening to the conversation, "It's band of American eithens can be prevented by a gang of hirelings from going in either large or little numbers to any place in the United States simply because they are out of work."

"But the thing won't be attempted, I tell you," broke in Col. Redstone, "The people know their rights, and knowing dare maintain, a fact that even the plutocrats understand, and though they may bark and show their tecth, they will be precious careful not to bite,"

Омана, Nebr., April 17.—The Chicago, Milwankee and St. Paul railroad officials to-day

States that there is no truth in the Council Bluffs report of Kelly's commonweal army capturing a train last night. At 12.40 a.m., six cars loaded with milit's were sent out. From this, apparently, the rumor sprung. HENRY IVES IS DEAD.

sumption at Asheville.

the Napoleon of finance, died here to-night. Mr. Ives reached Asheville about two months ago from Fiorida in an almost dying condition, and has hardly left his bed since

He leased a splendid residence in the suburbs and lived quietly with his wife and a few servants. The cause of death was coosump-

GREAT NORTHERN STRIKE. Nothing New in the Situation and No Set tlement Likely for a Day or So.

Sr. Paul, Minn., April 17,-The situation in this county to-night is unchanged. There is no strike here nor has one been declared. tlement and no one knews which will ask for a conference. The leaders of the strike who are here are confident of the result and insist

that they do not thing it necessary to call the men out in these cities.

Arthur Morrissey and several chairmen of Brotherhoods committees to-day decided not to recognize the A. R. U. in any way. The Brotherhood men, who go out with the new organization say that to cut themselves off their old organizations would be disastrous. A circular of instructions will be issued to the Brotherhood men urging them, if they have any principance or desire any changes to make their wants known through the usual channel and a conference with Mr. Hill will be secured. They are receiving advices from the various divisions and while some in-dividuals have gone out in the A. R. U. strike it has not been sanctioned by the lodges.

MEN OF MANY THOUGHTS. National Academy of Sciences Opens Its Annual Session in the National Museum. The annual meetings of the National Acad-

in the lecture hall of the National Museum

Preceding the general order of exercises a

short business meeting was held, in which a

number of matters in relation to the academy

were transacted.

Prof. Q. C. Marsh, of Yale University, opened the exercises in the presence of a good attendance. The principal paper of the day was read by Prof. Goodnie, of Howard Uni-

versity, upon a botanical subject.

To-day the election of members to the council will be held, which will be followed by many interesting papers on various scientific

For a Juvenile Opera. A juvenile opera entitled "Jack the Giant Killer," will be presented at the Central High School Thursday, April 26, at 8 p. m. Mr. Ed. B. Fox, the well known taritone, will interpret the role of the "Giant." Mr. Fox has achieved considerable fame in a mateur operatic circles and made a decided hit as Guiseppe in "The Gondoliers." Miss Marie Howe will be the queen and Masters Henry Talmadge and Harry Campbell alternate in the part of the king. The opera will be given under the auspices of the Phelps Building Musical association.

Dr. Francis Gets a Place. The Secretary of the Interior has appoint Dr. John R. Francis, of the District of Columbia, executive officer of the Freedmen's hospital in this city at \$1,800 per annum, vice Dr. Patrick Glennan, resigned. Dr. Francis will have charge of the institution as acting surgeon-in-chief during the absence of Dr. Daniel H. Williams, who is detained in Chicago by illness.

A carpenter's mass meeting will be held at Typographical Hall to-night at 8 o'clock, The meeting will be addressed by Hon. John Davis, of Kansas; Mr. Hudson, of Kansas; Mr. Alfred Lee, of Ohio, and other prominent sonshars.

To Come Up To-day. Col. Fred Ainsworth will be arraigned this norning in the criminal court on the new indictment for manslaughter in connection with

Congressman Jerry Simpson's condition was onsiderably better yesterday, though he cannot be considered entirely out of danger.

Capt Isaac Bassett, the veteran clerk of the enate, was much better last night. He expects to be in the Senate to morrow.

MR. DYOTT IS IN DANGER

Charge of Embezzlement to Be Heard Next Monday.

BIGAMY CASE TO COME NEXT

Father of the Young Lady Who Was Led Away to Chicago Will Assist the Authorities in His Prosecution-Rumored That His Faithful Wife Is to Abandon Him.

nonths figured and posed as the king of dudes in Washington, will have an opportunity of explaining to the authorities next Monday as to Crawford, Bouve & Co.'s charge of

embezziement.

It will be remembered that Dyott returned to Washington about ten days ago accomthe wild and windy city of Chicago, where he had gone in company with Miss Mae Clipper, a fair young woman of Washington, who sed to smile on him as a May morning does

a bank of violets. He is accused of several crimes, the most insignificant one of which is the accusation of seculation by the Crawford Shoe Company.

The embezzlement feature is the first one to be tried here. If he should come out victo be tried here. If he should come out vistorious in that he will next be met by Maryland officers who will take him to Rockville,
and there he will no doubt find that it is a difficult matter to have more than one wile in
this country, and at the same time live in perfect peace with the legal authorities. It was
rumored vesterday that his second wife, who
has heretofore clung to him so faithfully and
affectionately, has at last deserted him and
will at once apply for a divorce and return to
her parents in Baitimore.

Only one account, and that of \$65, is mentioned in the charge for the trial of next week,
but it is supposed that an attempt will be
made to prosecute for the full amount which
is claimed to run up into the hundreds.

Miss Mac Clipper the latest of young Dyott's victims, will not interest herself in the
trial for embezzlement. She has left Washington with the intention of living with relatives in a distant city for some time to come.

fives in a distant city for some time to come.

On Monday last Mr. Clipper, the father of the young last went to Rockville. Md., to consult with State Attorney Peters in regards to future prosecution. When seen last night be said that he had gone to Rockville to see if Dyott had married the Miss Margout Ricketts, as was allessed. as was alleged.

He had seen the priest of Baltimore who was said to have performed the ceremony and had the statement from him that he had united Dyott and Miss Ricketts in marriage.

Mr. Clipper said in reference to Dyott, that he was a scoundrel and that any man who would lie steal and commit higans, was not fit to

stated that there is no truth in the Council lie, steal and commit tigamy, was not fit to live in Washington and he did not think he would if he could secure bail,

"We do not intend to let the matter slip
by," he said, "The district attorneys are
working our end of the case here and in
Maryland, and as soon as Dyott gets out from

here the authorities will have him up in Rockville on the charge of bigamy, and we are go-ing to prosecute him to the full extent of the Lawyer Carrington, the attorney for Dyott, said yesterday that he was not thoroughly acquainted with the case as yet and could give no information further than that the ASHEVILLE, N. C., April 17.-Henry S. Ives.

give no information further than that the prosecution on Monday next would concern only the embezziement feature of his case. One of the cierks in the shoestore of Craw-ford Bros., Mr. J. C. B. Jones, who seems to be well acquainted with the bigamist, said that the original Mrs. Dyott was an affectionbe well acquainted with the bigamist, said that the original Mrs. Dyott was an affectionate wife and very much attached to her husband, and appears so yet even in the face of the disgrace of her better half. Her parents, who are of refined Baltimore descent, are very much distressed with the state of affairs and want their daughter to instantly apply for a divorce. He said that until recently Miss Clipper was living with one of her brothers in the city.

The proprietor, Mr. Atkinson, of the cafe, 1804 G street northwest, where Mrs. Dyott is living, says the attorneys have given instruc-

living, says the attorneys have given instruc-tions to Mrs. Dyott not to grant any further interviews with newspaper men. He says that Mr. Clipper is in communication with two detectives wh are working on the case. One of Miss Clipper's brothers has just re-turned from New York city, where he has been investigating legal records in an at-tempt to discover, if possible, some record of a marriage between his sister and Dyott. He thinks that they were married in that city.

thinks that they were married in that city, but as there are such a large number of jus-tices there, all marriages are not recorded, and he has no foundation for his theory. Clipper says that Mrs. Dyott is about to be-come a mother, and that is, the reason of the affection recently shown for her wayward

CANNOT OCCUPY THE FLATS. Board of Trade Will Resist Any Encroach

ment Except for a National Park. The meeting of the Board of Trade held last night at Carroll Institute hall was very important, inasmuch as the committee on parks and reservations was settled definitely. The attendance was considerably larger than at any of the recent meetings and the discussions were full of animation,

Col. Blount, the chairman of the committee. submitted the report stating that this commit tee had given a careful consideration of the subject-matter of the former report, which was referred back to the committee at the

was referred back to the committee at the previous meeting of the board, and recommended that it be adopted without altering, as it was signed by nearly all of the members, and strongly reaffirmed the former action taken by him.

The report urged that the Potomac flats be reserved intact for a national park, and protested against the occupancy by any individual or corporation for any purpose, especially against the proposal of the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railroad Company to cross a portion of the flats and skirt along the entire northern boundary.

Able speeches favoring the adoption of the report were made by Col. H. F. Blount, Mr. Charles C. Glover, Mr. T. W. Noyes, and others, while those speaking against its adoption were Mr. T. A. Lambert, Col. A. D. Anderson, the counsel for the road; Mr. F. A. Reed, and Mr. T. J. King, Mr. J. H. Magruder, Mr. G. W. Cockrell, and Mr. A. P. Fordham speaking in general terms. Discussion on this report was of quite a protracted nature, out the report was finally adopted by a large majority.

A resolution to the effect that the Attorney

a large majority.

A resolution to the effect that the Attorney
General of the United States to cause the
question as to the title to a part of the reclaimed flats adjudicated, and one for the

claimed flats adjudicated, and one for the board of trade to adopt a memorial to Congress urging that the work of reclaiming the flats to be made a National park, were referred to the committee on parks and reservations.

A resolution requesting the citizens of the District of Columbia to interest themselves in the passage of the House bill now pending providing for a free public library for the District of Columbia, was adopted.

The secretary read a communication from the Georgetown citizens protesting against the construction of any other bridge, except the Memorial bridge, between the Aqueduct bridge and the mouth of the Potomac.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 17.—George Poor-

man, editor of the Bellaire Tribune, and son

of Col. C. L. Poorman, ex-secretary of state of Ohio, attempted suicide last night, stabbing himself severely and inflicting severe, if not fatal, injuries. No cause for the act is A Destructive Blaze.

LEWISTON, Pa., April 17.-The Logan Iron and Steel works near here were almost compietely destroyed by fire to-night. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, partially insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.